SUPERBUTE™ JKW-350

OUTDOOR CURRENT TRANSFORMER

69000V, 60Hz 350kV BIL



APPLICATIONS

Designed for outdoor service; suitable for operating meters, relays, and control devices. Rated Station Class with higher burden and extra creep distance. Available in a variety of ratio as outlined in the unit selection table below, with additional designs available upon request.

FEATURES

- Weight (Shipping/Unit): 683/593lbs
- Creep Distance: 86.61" [2200mm]
- 1sec Thermal Limit: 75x normal
- 2 cycle Mechanical Limit: 170x rated (low ratio)
- 2 cycle Mechanical Limit: 85x rated (high ratio)

- Insulation: HY-BUTE 60™ Butyl Rubber
- Insulation Class: 350kV BIL, Outdoor
- Design Standard: IEEE C57.13
- Measurement Canada Approval: T-0117

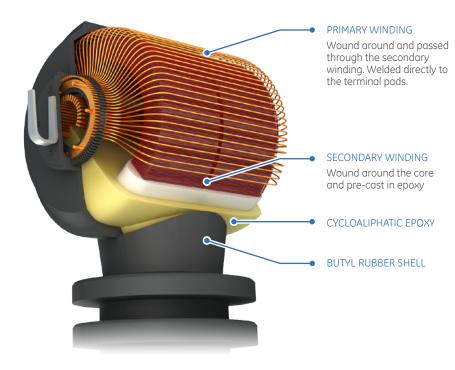
UNIT SELECTION

RATIO	IEEE METERING	IEEE RELAY ACCURACY CLASS ²	THERMAL RATING FACTOR	CATALOG NUMBER
25/50:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030013
50/100:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030012
75/150:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030011
100/200:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030010
150/300:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030009
200/400:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030008
300/600:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030007
400/800:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030006
500/1000:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030005
600/1200:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030004
800/1600:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030003
1000/2000:5	0.3 B1.8	T200/T400	2.0/1.33	759X030002
1500/3000:5	0.3 B1.8	T400/T800	1.5/1.33	759X030001

^{1.} High accuracy options available

^{2.} First value given is for lower primary Ampere rating (tapped secondary); second value is for higher primary Ampere rating (full secondary).

ADVANCED, RUGGED CONSTRUCTION



Cross-Section view of a Station-Class SUPERBUTE Current Transformer

Tough & Resilient butyl rubber shell

First introduced in 1955, HY-BUTE 60™ is GE's unique butyl rubber formula. This material is hydrophobic, non-arc tracking, resistant to heat, chemicals, ozone and ultraviolet and is an elastic rubber which does not easily chip or crack. Use of HY-BUTE 60 enhances safety by increasing the likelihood of a passive, contained failure mode.

Accurate & Reliable Primary Design

Symmetrical distribution of winding turns within the CT head shell minimizes leakage flux for improved accuracy and thermal ratings

Built-in Surge Protection

A unique multi-gap primary on CT's 600 amps and below is designed to clear dangerous overvoltage and fault conditions within $\frac{1}{2}$ cycle

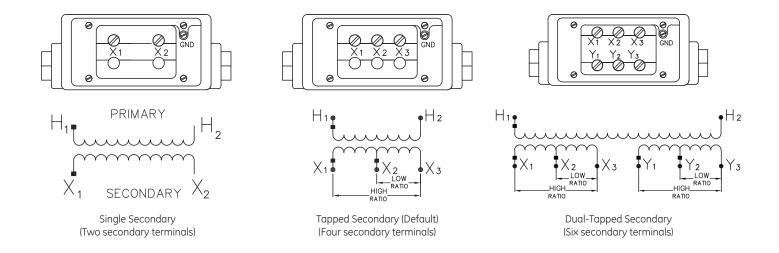
High Overcurrent Capability

The robust primary bar design on CT's rated above 600 amps has virtually unlimited short-time mechanical current withstand

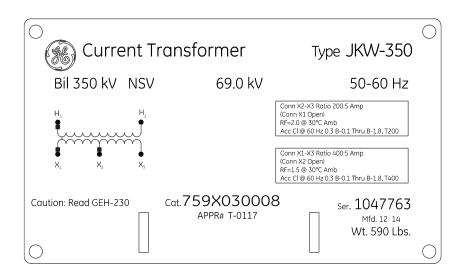
REFERENCE DRAWINGS & ACCESSORIES

CCURACY CURVES AT 60 HZ (LOW RATING):		OVERCURRENT CURVES (LOW RATING):	
25/50:5 thru 300/600:5	9689241435	25/50:5 thru 300/600:5	9689241440
400/800:5	9689241407	400/800:5	9689241431
500/1000:5	9689241405	500/1000:5	9689241429
600/1200:5	9689241403	600/1200:5	9689241427
800/1600:5	9689241401	800/1600:5	9689241425
1000/2000:5	9689241399	1000/2000:5	9689241423
1500/3000:5	9689241397	1500/3000:5	9689241421
CCURACY CURVES AT 60 HZ (HIGH RATING):		OVERCURRENT CURVES (HIGH RATING):	
25/50:5 thru 300/600:5	9689241436	25/50:5 thru 300/600:5	9689241441
400/800:5	9689241408	400/800:5	9689241432
500/1000:5	9689241406	500/1000:5	9689241430
600/1200:5	9689241404	600/1200:5	9689241428
800/1600:5	9689241402	800/1600:5	9689241426
1000/2000:5	9689241400	1000/2000:5	9689241424
1500/3000:5	9689241398	1500/3000:5	9689241422
CITATION CURVES:		OUTLINE DRAWINGS:	
25/50:5 thru 300/600:5	9689241338	25/50:5 to 300/600:5	
400/800:5	9689241354	Single Ratio	9926780009
500/1000:5	9689241352	Tap Ratio	9926780017
600/1200:5	600/1200:5 9689241350		
800/1600:5	9689241348	Single Ratio	9926780010
1000/2000:5	9689241346	Tap Ratio	9926780008
1500/3000:5	9689241344	Dual/Tapped Ratio	9926362001
		Multi-Ratio	9932478

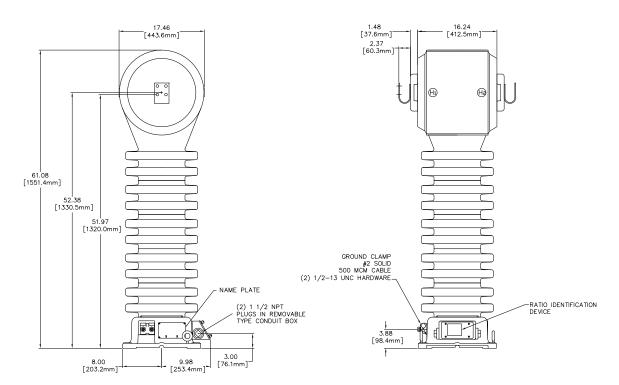
APPLICABLE WIRING DIAGRAMS



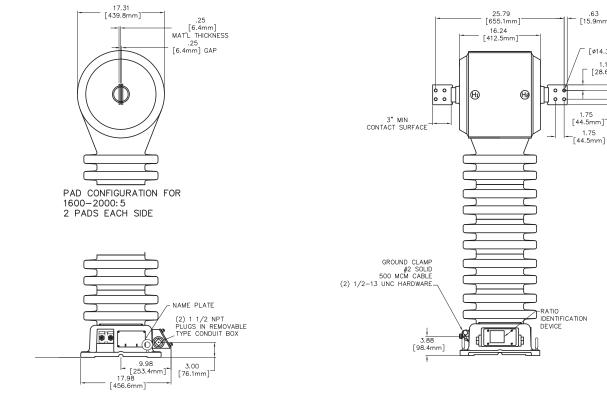
TYPICAL NAMEPLATE



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS - UP TO AND INCLUDING 600A



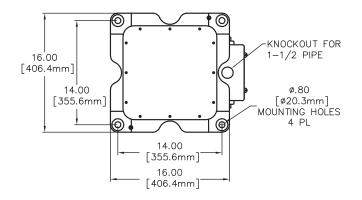
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS - ABOVE 600A

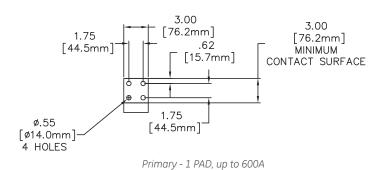


ø.56 [ø14.3mm] 4 HOLES 1.13 [28.6mm]

> 4.00 [101.6mm]

MOUNTING PLATE & PRIMARY TERMINAL CONFIGURATIONS

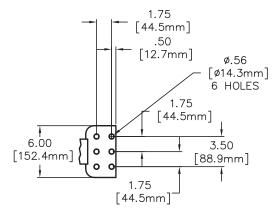




Ø.56
[Ø14.3mm] 4 HOLES

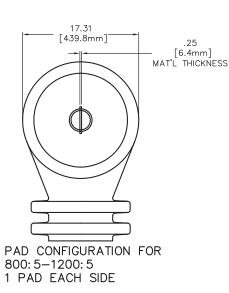
1.13
[28.6mm]
4.00
[101.6mm]
1.75
[44.5mm]
1.75
[44.5mm]

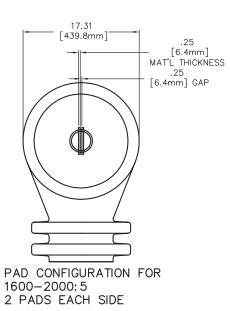


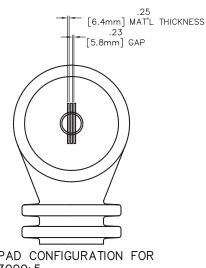


Primary - 3 PAD, up to 3000A

PAD CONFIGURATIONS - ABOVE 600:5A







PAD CONFIGURATION FOR 3000:5
3 PADS EACH SIDE

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Insulation

The transformer design is constructed using GE's premium HY-BUTE 60™ molded butyl rubber insulation for the transformer body. First introduced in 1955, GE's unique formulation is non-arc tracking and resistant to heat, chemicals, ozone and ultraviolet. This tough, resilient insulating material has proven to be superior in handling mechanical, electrical and environmental extremes, when compared against other insulation designs such as porcelain, urethane or epoxy.

Core

The core is made from high-quality, grain-oriented, low-loss, high permeability silicon steel which is carefully selected and tested under rigidly controlled factory conditions. The core is wound in the direction of the grain to take advantage of the high permeability.

Bushings

Since the bushings are an integral part of the transformer, standards normally pertaining to porcelain bushing tests do not apply. However, characteristics equal to, or better than, those required for porcelain are provided.

Primary Windings

The primary winding is mounted in the high-voltage bushing head shell, which results in a more efficient use of the core properties by permitting a symmetrical distribution of the winding turns. It keeps leakage to a minimum, and makes possible a high level of accuracy with fewer ampereturns and corresponding improvement in thermal rating. In transformers rated 600:5 A and lower, a multi-turn primary winding is used, consisting of equally distributed copper conductors which encircle the core and secondary winding. In transformers rated 800:5 A and above, a single-turn, copper primary bar is used.

Primary Terminals

Transformers rated 600:5 Amperes and below have a U-shaped pad for the primary terminals. Transformers rated 800:5 Amperes and above use a vertically-oriented, flat copper bar for the primary terminal pads. In both cases, the terminal pads contain four mounting holes with industry standard hole sizes and spacing.

Secondary Winding

The secondary winding is wound with enamel-insulated copper conductor. All turns are evenly distributed around the core, and suitable compensation is used to obtain very high accuracy performance. The secondary leads extend downward through the bushing tube to the secondary terminal block in the transformer base.

Secondary Terminals

The secondary terminals are enclosed in a box secured to the base of the transformer with four, 1/4 -20 screws. Both the box and terminal block can be relocated to any of three sides of the base to fit the particular installation. The terminal box has 11/2 inch threaded conduit openings at each end, and a 11/2 inch knockout at the bottom. It is also provided with a grounding terminal for the secondary circuit, when required.

Testina

Rigorous GE test requirements go beyond IEEE routine requirements in order to ensure long term reliability. Test reports are saved electronically and can be e-mailed in various formats upon request.

Polarity

The permanently molded primary polarity markings H1 and H2 and the secondary polarity markings X1 and X2 are situated adjacent to their respective terminals. The polarity terminal is designated by use of the subscript 1, and the mark is painted white for better visibility.

Baseplate and Mounting

Transformers can be mounted in any position from upright to inverted, providing the centerline of current transformers through the primary terminals is parallel with the ground surface. Loading by lines or busswork should be kept to a maximum to avoid placing appreciable strain upon the transformer bushings and terminals. The maximum recommended loading from all sources should not be greater than the equivalent of a 200-pound external force applied at the axis of the primary terminals. A fabricated metal base is the supporting structure for the transformer. It is provided with four 13/16 inch mounting holes and two lifting eye- bolts. Adjacent to the nameplate is a standard two- bolt ground connector.

Nameplate

The nameplate is made of stainless-steel and located on the base of the transformer. Information is per IEEE designation, laser-engraved for easy-to-read form. Custom barcoding available upon request.

Maintenance

These transformers require no maintenance other than an occasional cleaning if installed in an area where air contamination is severe.